

IN THE CLAIMS

Claims 1-2 (Cancelled)

Claim 3 (Currently Amended): A method for making a lithium secondary battery comprising:

forming a positive electrode by coating a lithium metal oxide on a positive current collector;

forming a negative electrode by coating carbonaceous materials or SnO_2 on a negative current collector, where the negative current collector is made of a Cu-based alloy with a thickness of 20 μm or less and the Cu-based alloy comprises at least one material selected from the group consisting of boron and cobalt, and also comprises at least one material selected from the group consisting of nickel, titanium, magnesium, tin, zinc, chromium, manganese, iron, vanadium, aluminum, zirconium, niobium, bismuth, lead, silver, and misch metal and further comprises a copper-based material selected from the group consisting of copper, copper/nickel, copper/titanium, and copper/nickel/titanium, wherein the Cu-based alloy is produced by a plating process into a foil shape;

interposing a separator between the positive and negative electrodes; and

injecting an electrolyte to immerse the positive and negative electrodes and the separator,

wherein an amount of nickel is 0.8 to 4 wt% of copper, an amount of titanium is 0.2 to 4 wt% of copper, an amount of magnesium is 0.05 to 0.6 wt% of copper, an amount of tin is 0.1 to 2.0 wt% of copper, an amount of boron is 0.0005 to 5.0 wt% of copper, an amount of chromium is 0.0005 to 0.5 wt% of copper, an amount of manganese is 0.1 to 1.0 wt% of copper, an amount of cobalt is 0.01 to 2.0 wt% of copper, an amount of vanadium is 0.0005 to 0.5 wt% of copper, an amount of zirconium is 0.0005 to 0.5 wt% of copper, an amount of niobium is 0.0005 to 0.5 wt% of copper, an amount of bismuth is 0.0005 to 0.5 wt% of copper, an amount of lead is 0.0005 to 0.5 wt% of copper, and an amount of silver is 0.0005 to 0.5 wt% of copper.

Claim 4 (Currently Amended): A lithium secondary battery comprising:

a positive electrode formed by coating a lithium metal oxide on a positive current collector;

a negative electrode formed by coating at least one of carbonaceous materials and SnO₂ on a negative current collector, where the negative current collector is made of a copper-based alloy with a thickness of 20 μm or less and the copper-based alloy comprises at least one material selected from the group consisting of boron and cobalt, and also comprises at least two materials selected from the group consisting of nickel, titanium, magnesium, tin, zinc, chromium, manganese, silicon, iron, vanadium, aluminum, zirconium, niobium, phosphorous, bismuth, lead, silver, and misch metal, wherein the copper-based alloy is produced by a plating process into a foil shape;

a separator interposed between the positive and negative electrodes; and

an electrolyte into which the positive and negative electrodes and the separator are immersed,

wherein an amount of nickel is 0.8 to 4 wt% of copper, an amount of titanium is 0.2 to 4 wt% of copper, an amount of magnesium is 0.05 to 0.6 wt% of copper, an amount of tin is 0.1 to 2.0 wt% of copper, an amount of boron is 0.0005 to 5.0 wt% of copper, an amount of chromium is 0.0005 to 0.5 wt% of copper, an amount of manganese is 0.1 to 1.0 wt% of copper, an amount of cobalt is 0.01 to 2.0 wt% of copper, an amount of vanadium is 0.0005 to 0.5 wt% of copper, an amount of zirconium is 0.0005 to 0.5 wt% of copper, an amount of niobium is 0.0005 to 0.5 wt% of copper, an amount of bismuth is 0.0005 to 0.5 wt% of copper, an amount of lead is 0.0005 to 0.5 wt% of copper, and an amount of silver is 0.0005 to 0.5 wt% of copper.

Claim 5 (Previously Presented): The lithium secondary battery of claim 4, wherein the at least two materials comprise at least three materials.

Claim 6 (Previously Presented): The lithium secondary battery of claim 4, wherein the at least two materials comprise at least four materials.

Claim 7 (Previously Presented): The lithium secondary battery of claim 4, wherein the at least two materials comprise nickel and titanium.

Claim 8 (Previously Presented): The lithium secondary battery of claim 5, where the at least three materials comprise nickel, titanium, and magnesium.

Claim 9 (Previously Presented): The lithium secondary battery of claim 6, wherein the at least four materials comprise nickel, titanium, magnesium, and manganese.

Claim 10 (Previously Presented): The lithium secondary battery of claim 6, wherein the at least four materials comprise nickel, titanium, magnesium, and zinc.

Claim 11 (Previously Presented): The lithium secondary battery of claim 7, wherein the amount of nickel is 0.8 to 4 wt% of the copper, and the amount of titanium is 0.2 to 4 wt% of the copper.

Claim 12 (Previously Presented): The lithium secondary battery of claim 8, wherein the amount of nickel is 0.8 to 4 wt% of the copper, the amount of titanium is 0.2 to 4 wt% of the copper, and the amount of magnesium is 0.05 to 0.6 wt% of the copper.

Claim 13 (Previously Presented): The lithium secondary battery of claim 9, wherein the amount of nickel is 0.8 to 4 wt% of the copper, the amount of titanium is 0.2 to 4 wt% of the copper, the amount of magnesium is 0.05 to 0.6 wt% of the copper, and the amount of manganese is 0.1 to 1.0 wt% of the copper.

Claim 14 (Previously Presented): The lithium secondary battery of claim 10, wherein the amount of nickel is 0.8 to 4 wt% of the copper, the amount of titanium is 0.2 to 4 wt% of the copper, the amount of magnesium is 0.05 to 0.6 wt% of the copper, and the amount of zinc is 0.0005 to 0.5 wt% of the copper.

Claim 15 (Previously Presented): The lithium secondary battery of claim 4, wherein the Cu-based alloy consists essentially of copper, nickel, titanium, and the at least one material selected from the group consisting of boron and cobalt.

Claim 16 (Previously Presented): The lithium secondary battery of claim 4, wherein the Cu-based alloy consists essentially of copper, nickel, titanium, magnesium, and the at least one material selected from the group consisting of boron and cobalt.

Claim 17 (Previously Presented): The lithium secondary battery of claim 4, wherein the Cu-based alloy consists essentially of copper, nickel, titanium, magnesium, manganese, and the at least one material selected from the group consisting of boron and cobalt.

Claim 18 (Previously Presented): The lithium secondary battery of claim 4, wherein the Cu-based alloy consists essentially of copper, nickel, titanium, magnesium, zinc, and the at least one material selected from the group consisting of boron and cobalt.

Claim 19 (Currently Amended): A method for making a lithium secondary battery comprising:

forming a positive electrode by coating a lithium metal oxide on a positive current collector;

forming a negative electrode by coating at least one of carbonaceous materials and SnO₂ on a negative current collector, where the negative current collector is made of a Cu-based alloy with a thickness of 20 μm or less, and the Cu-based alloy including at least one material selected from the group consisting of boron and cobalt, and also including at least two materials selected from the group consisting of nickel, titanium, magnesium, tin, zinc, chromium, manganese, silicon, iron, vanadium, aluminum, zirconium, niobium, phosphorous, bismuth, lead, silver, and misch metal, wherein the copper-based alloy is produced by a plating process into a foil shape;

interposing a separator between the positive and negative electrodes; and

injecting an electrolyte to immerse the positive and negative electrodes and the separator,

wherein an amount of nickel is 0.8 to 4 wt% of copper, an amount of titanium is 0.2 to 4 wt% of copper, an amount of magnesium is 0.05 to 0.6 wt% of copper, an amount of tin is 0.1 to 2.0 wt% of copper, an amount of boron is 0.0005 to 5.0 wt% of copper, an amount of chromium is 0.0005 to 0.5 wt% of copper, an amount of manganese is 0.1 to 1.0 wt% of copper, an amount of cobalt is 0.01 to 2.0 wt% of copper, an amount of vanadium is 0.0005 to 0.5 wt% of copper, an amount of zirconium is 0.0005 to 0.5 wt% of copper, an amount of niobium is 0.0005 to 0.5 wt% of copper, an amount of bismuth is 0.0005 to 0.5 wt% of copper, an amount of lead is 0.0005 to 0.5 wt% of copper, and an amount of silver is 0.0005 to 0.5 wt% of copper.

Claim 20 (Previously Presented): The method of claim 19, wherein the at least two materials comprise at least three materials.

Claim 21 (Previously Presented): The method of claim 19, wherein the at least two materials comprise at least four materials.

Claim 22 (Previously Presented): The method of claim 19, wherein the at least two materials comprise nickel and titanium.

Claim 23 (Previously Presented): The method of claim 20, wherein the at least three materials comprise nickel, titanium, and magnesium.

Claim 24 (Previously Presented): The method of claim 21, wherein the at least four materials comprise nickel, titanium, magnesium, and manganese.

Claim 25 (Previously Presented): The method of claim 21, wherein the at least four materials comprise nickel, titanium, magnesium, and zinc.

Claim 26 (Currently Amended): A lithium secondary battery comprising:
a positive electrode formed by coating a lithium metal oxide on a positive current collector;

a negative electrode formed by coating at least one of carbonaceous materials and SnO₂ on a negative current collector, where the negative current collector is made of a copper-based alloy foil with a thickness of 20 μm or less, and the copper-based alloy foil includes at least one material selected from the group consisting of boron and cobalt, and also includes at least two materials selected from the group consisting of nickel, titanium, magnesium, manganese, and zinc;

a separator interposed between the positive and negative electrodes; and
an electrolyte into which the positive and negative electrodes and the separator are immersed,

wherein an amount of nickel is 0.8 to 4 wt% of copper, an amount of titanium is 0.2 to 4 wt% of copper, an amount of magnesium is 0.05 to 0.6 wt% of copper, an amount of tin is 0.1 to 2.0 wt% of copper, an amount of boron is 0.0005 to 5.0 wt% of copper, an amount of chromium is 0.0005 to 0.5 wt% of copper, an amount of manganese is 0.1 to

1.0 wt% of copper, an amount of cobalt is 0.01 to 2.0 wt% of copper, an amount of vanadium is 0.0005 to 0.5 wt% of copper, an amount of zirconium is 0.0005 to 0.5 wt% of copper, an amount of niobium is 0.0005 to 0.5 wt% of copper, an amount of bismuth is 0.0005 to 0.5 wt% of copper, an amount of lead is 0.0005 to 0.5 wt% of copper, and an amount of silver is 0.0005 to 0.5 wt% of copper.

Claim 27 (Previously Presented): The lithium secondary battery of claim 26, wherein the at least two materials comprise at least three materials.

Claim 28 (Previously Presented): The lithium secondary battery of claim 26, wherein the at least two materials comprise at least four materials.

Claim 29 (Previously Presented): The lithium secondary battery of claim 4, wherein the copper-based alloy foil is produced by an electro-plating process.

Claim 30 (Previously Presented): The method of claim 19, wherein the copper-based alloy foil is produced by an electro-plating process.

Claim 31 (Previously Presented): The lithium secondary battery of claim 26, wherein the copper-based alloy foil is produced by an electro-plating process.

Claim 32 (Currently Amended): A lithium secondary battery comprising:

- a positive electrode formed by coating lithium metal oxides on a positive current controller;

- a negative electrode formed by coating carbonaceous materials or SnO_2 on a negative current collector; the negative current collector being formed of a copper-based alloy foil with a thickness of 20 μm or less and the copper-based alloy including at least one material selected from the group consisting of magnesium, boron, cobalt, vanadium, niobium, bismuth, and misch metal and further comprises a copper-based material selected from the group consisting of copper, copper/nickel, copper/titanium, and copper/nickel/titanium, wherein the copper-based alloy is produced by a plating process into a foil shape;

- a separator interposed between the positive and negative electrodes; and
- an electrolyte into which the positive and negative electrodes and the separator

are immersed,

wherein an amount of nickel is 0.8 to 4 wt% of copper, an amount of titanium is 0.2 to 4 wt% of copper, an amount of magnesium is 0.05 to 0.6 wt% of copper, an amount of tin is 0.1 to 2.0 wt% of copper, an amount of boron is 0.0005 to 5.0 wt% of copper, an amount of chromium is 0.0005 to 0.5 wt% of copper, an amount of manganese is 0.1 to 1.0 wt% of copper, an amount of cobalt is 0.01 to 2.0 wt% of copper, an amount of vanadium is 0.0005 to 0.5 wt% of copper, an amount of zirconium is 0.0005 to 0.5 wt% of copper, an amount of niobium is 0.0005 to 0.5 wt% of copper, an amount of bismuth is 0.0005 to 0.5 wt% of copper, an amount of lead is 0.0005 to 0.5 wt% of copper, and an amount of silver is 0.0005 to 0.5 wt% of copper.